



Pelvic Ultrasound

A pelvic ultrasound uses sound waves for imaging of pelvic structure and organs such as ovaries, uterus, cervix, fallopian tubes for females or prostate gland and seminal vesicles for males.

Some common reasons for pelvic ultrasound are to find the cause of blood in urination, assess size of bladder before and after urination (to determine if bladder empties completely), check for growths in pelvis and check for colorectal cancer.

During the procedure, you will lie on your back or side on a padded table. Gel will be put on your belly to improve the quality of the sound waves. The doctor or sonographer will use a small, handheld instrument called a transducer and gently move it over your belly. Imaging of organs and blood vessels can then be seen on a video screen.